









WICHITA STATE UNIVERSITY

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Independent Auditor's Report and Annual Financial Statements For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023













INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared by: Wichita State University Financial Services

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Board of Trustees of Wichita State University Wichita, Kansas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Board of Trustees of Wichita State University (Board), a component unit of Wichita State University, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Board, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Board, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in *Note 8* to the financial statements, beginning net position has been restated to correct a misstatement. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in *Note* 8 to the financial statements, in 2023, the entity changed its accounting treatment of a deferred gain on sale-leaseback. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County, Kansas

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Board's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Board's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Board' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements,

Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County, Kansas

and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Debt Service Fund Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis, Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund, and Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the identify accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

FORVIS, LLP

Wichita, Kansas October 30, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Our discussion and analysis of the Board of Trustees of Wichita State University (Board) financial performance provides an overview of the Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information provided in the basic financial statements.

The Board is a governmental entity responsible for the management of the mill levy monies arising out of the tax levy upon the citizens of Sedgwick County, Kansas and was established for the education enrichment purposes of Wichita State University (WSU) as a whole, including all the colleges and branches or divisions thereof as well as all the facilities and activities thereof, consistent with the objectives, operation and management of WSU. The Board is also responsible for the endowed funds of the University of Wichita (University) before the University became a state institution in 1964.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Board's net position increased by \$1.4 million or approximately 6.6% from 2022.
- During the year, the Board received total revenue of \$11.7 million and expended \$10.2 million.
- Expenses decreased \$3.8 million from 2022, primarily due to the \$1.8 million loss on disposal of the Woodman building recognized in 2022 and the \$1.6 decrease in University support related to the innovation campus due to 2022 being the final year of the \$4 million commitment.
- Revenues increased \$478 thousand, primarily due to an increase in property tax revenue of \$1.8 million and an increase in investment return of \$1.5 million, which was offset by the reduction in program revenue related to the Experiential Engineering building grant of \$2.7 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Board's basic financial statements. These basic financial statements are composed of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Board's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the Board's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Board is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information showing how the Board's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flow changes only in future fiscal periods.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Board, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Board maintains three governmental funds: a general fund, a debt service fund, and a permanent fund. The Board adopts an annual mill levy budget, which encompasses the general fund and the debt service fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for general fund as part of the basic financial statements and a budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for debt service fund as supplementary information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position of the Board at a point in time (at the end of the fiscal year). Its purpose is to present a financial snapshot of the Board. The Statement of Net Position includes all assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector enterprises. Under the accrual basis of accounting, all the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Within the Statement of Net Position, assets and liabilities are further classified as current or non-current. The current classification distinguishes those assets that are highly liquid and available for immediate and unrestricted use by the Board and those liabilities likely to be settled in the next twelve months.

Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the financial position of the Board. Net Position is divided into three categories:

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets represents the value of the Board's capital assets, including right-to-use lease assets, net of related debt.
- 2. Restricted Net Position is further divided into two subcategories, non-expendable and expendable. The corpus of non-expendable restricted resources is only available for investment purposes. Expendable Restricted Net Position is available for expenditure but must be spent for purposes as determined by donors and/or external entities that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position is available for any lawful purpose of the Board.

The following is a summary of the Board's assets, liabilities, and net position as of June 30 (in thousands):

						Increase
	Jun	e 30, 2023	Jun	e 30, 2022	1)	Decrease)
Current assets	\$	25,317	\$	23,344	\$	1,973
Capital assets		44,347		45,827		(1,480)
Total assets		69,664		69,171		493
Current liabilities		1,584		1,517		67
Noncurrent liabilities		42,204		43,152		(948)
Total liabilities		43,788		44,669		(881)
Deferred outflows of resources				667		(667)
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets		1,420		801		(106)
Restricted ·		13,355		11,846		1,509
Unrestricted		11,101		11,188		87
Total net position	\$	25,876	\$	23,835	\$	2,041

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

As previously noted, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Board's financial position. In the case of the Board, as of June 30, 2023, net position increased by \$2 million. Total assets increased \$493 thousand while total liabilities decreased \$881 thousand and deferred inflows decreased \$667 thousand from June 30, 2022.

The increase in assets was primarily related to an increase of \$2.7 million in cash, which was offset by the increase in accumulated depreciation and amortization of capital assets. The decrease in liabilities was primarily related to principal payments on the lease liability.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The Statement of Activities is the Board's income statement. Revenues earned and expenses incurred during the fiscal year on an accrual basis are classified as either operating or nonoperating. This distinction results in operating deficits, as the GASB 35 reporting model requires classification of state appropriations, a significant revenue stream to fund current operations, as nonoperating revenue.

	F	For the Fisca	Ir	ncrease		
	Jun	e 30, 2023	Jun	e 30, 2022	(D	ecrease)
General revenues	\$	11,658	\$	8,485	\$	3,173
Program revenues				2,595		(2,595)
Total revenues		11,658		11,080		578
Expenses		10,284		14,059		(3,775)
Change in net position		1,374		(2,979)		4,353
Net position, beginning Prior period adjustment		20,735		23,268		(2,533) 221
	<u></u>	3,767	<u>r</u>	3,546	φ	
Net position, ending	\$	25,876	\$	23,835	\$	2,041

Revenues increased \$478 thousand, primarily due to an increase in property tax revenue of \$1.8 million and an increase in investment return of \$1.5 million, which was offset by the reduction in program revenue related to the Experiential Engineering building grant of \$2.6 million.

Expenses decreased \$3.8 million from 2022, primarily due to the \$1.8 million loss on disposal of the Woodman building recognized in 2022 and the \$1.6 decrease in University support related to the innovation campus.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

For the year ended June 30, 2023, revenue exceeded budgeted amounts by \$138 thousand due to increased property valuation driving an increase in property tax revenues and changes in the market resulting in interest income significantly higher than budgeted amounts.

Significant budgetary variances for expenses are summarized as follows:

- Building insurance expense was eliminated during fiscal year 2023 due to the transfer of the Woodman Alumni center, which occurred at the end of fiscal year 2022.
- Undergraduate support exceeded budget by \$55 thousand due to spending of remaining balances authorized in previous fiscal years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

- No expenses were reported for City and County interns on a budgetary basis in fiscal year 2023 because the amounts were not invoiced until fiscal year 2024. Those amounts are accrued as accounts payable on a modified accrual basis.
- City government services exceeded budget by \$46 thousand due to spending of remaining balances authorized in previous fiscal years.
- County government services were under budget by \$70 thousand due to a lower volume of projects approved and completed during the fiscal year. The County will have the ability to utilize the remaining budget in future fiscal years.
- No expenses were reported for Board initiatives during fiscal year 2023 because no initiative projects were proposed during the fiscal year.
- Transfers were not specifically itemized in the budget approved by the Board. However, net transfers included a transfer in of \$452 thousand from the permanent fund due to the transfer of the Woodman Alumni Center and a transfer out of \$4 thousand to the debt service fund to pay administrative costs. The remaining transfers are intra-fund transfers within the general fund. Additional information about these intra-fund transfers is available in the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, including lease assets, are improvements used to support the operations of WSU. The improvements were made utilizing proceeds from current or prior bond obligations. Leases on these improvements serve as collateral for outstanding long-term obligations. Capital assets are summarized by class in the following table:

	For the Fiscal Year Ended						
	June 30, 2023 June 30, 2						
Depreciable capital assets							
Infrastructure	\$	2,461,870	\$	2,461,870			
Buildings		24,662,089		24,662,089			
Furniture & fixtures		78,515		78,515			
Lease assets		45,021,024		45,021,024			
		72,223,498		72,223,498			
Less accumulated depreciation		27,876,554		26,396,884			
				_			
Depreciable capital assets, net	\$	44,346,944	\$	45,826,614			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Board's lease liability decreased \$694 thousand due to scheduled principal payments. The total lease liability outstanding as of June 30 is presented in the table below:

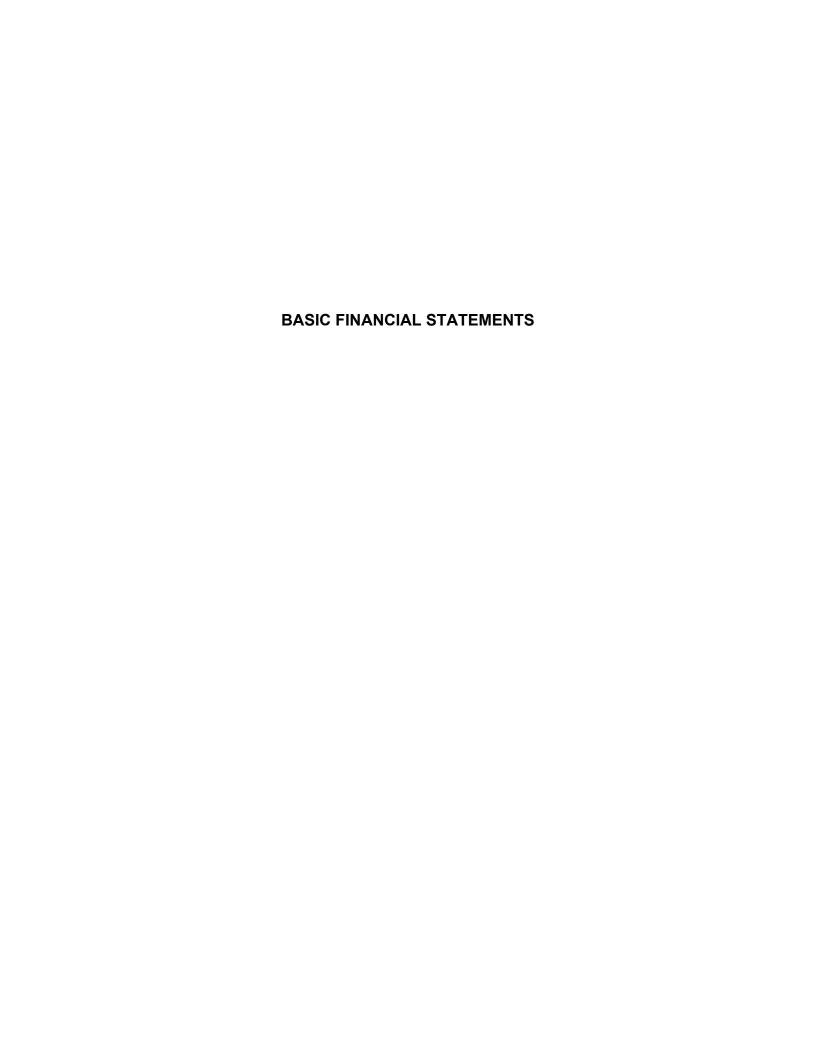
	For the Fisca	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 June 30, 2022					
Lagra liability	<u> </u>	00110 00, 2022					
Lease liability Due within one year	·,· · ·	\$ 469,022					
Due beyond one year	42,203,663	43,152,121					
Total long-term obligations	\$ 42,926,424	\$ 43,621,143					

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The Board's appointed trustees considered many factors prior to adopting the fiscal year 2024 budget. A new change from previous years is the fact that the Board has transferred all responsibilities for the Woodman building to Wichita State Foundation, which means that building insurance has been removed for the 2024 budget. A new item affecting the 2024 budget is the debt service for the University Stadium capital project that the board has agreed to in 2023. Debt service payments increased from \$3.0M to \$3.9M in 2024. Another major factor that influences the budget for fiscal year 2024 is the anticipated level of tax revenue received from Sedgwick County. The source of the tax revenue is property taxes from the 1.5 mill levy assessed on the valuation of taxable property in Sedgwick County. The executive director of the Board of Trustees works with officials of the City of Wichita and Sedgwick County to determine the estimated revenue for the next budget year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Board's finances for all those with an interest in the Board. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Troy Bruun, Associate Vice President for Financial Services, at (316) 978-3030.



BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF WICHITA STATE UNIVERSITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF WICHITA STATE UNIVERSITY) STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

Cash	¢ 6 440 704
Casii	\$ 6,419,781
Cash available from county treasurer	5,542,000
Cash held by county treasurer in escrow	1,168,422
Investments	12,187,041
Lease assets	45,021,024
Accumulated amortization	(2,813,814)
Depreciable capital assets	,
Infrastructure	2,461,870
Building	24,662,089
Equipment and furnishings	78,515
Accumulated depreciation	(25,062,740)
Total assets	69,664,188
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	136,000
Accrued interest payable	725,187
Lease payable	
Due within one year	722,761
Due in more than one year	42,203,663
Total liabilities	43,787,611
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,420,520
Restricted	
Nonexpendable	5,658,104
Expendable	
Scholarships and student support	6,528,937
Debt service	1,168,422
Unrestricted	11,100,594
Total net position	\$ 25,876,577

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIESFor the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Consumer and all Andinities	Expenses	Program Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue
Governmental Activities	A 4 000 400	•	(4.000.400)
Scholarships and other student support		\$	\$ (4,888,132)
Economic and community development	507,577		(507,577)
General and administrative	236,616		(236,616)
University support	2,059,000		(2,059,000)
WSU Tech support	800,000		(800,000)
Interest	1,792,488		(1,792,488)
Total governmental activities	10,283,813		(10,283,813)
General revenues: Gifts and contributions Property taxes Investment earnings Total general revenues			\$ 2,830 10,725,287 930,160 11,658,277
Change in net position			1,374,464
Net position, beginning			20,734,871
Prior period adjustment			3,767,242
Net position, ending			\$ 25,876,577

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

		General D Fund		Debt Service Fund		Permanent Fund		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Current Assets:		0.440.704	•				_	0.440.704
Cash	\$	6,419,781	\$		\$		\$	6,419,781
Cash available from county treasurer		5,542,000						5,542,000
Cash held by county treasurer in escrow				1,168,422				1,168,422
Investments	_		_		_	12,187,041	_	12,187,041
Total assets	\$	11,961,781	\$	1,168,422	\$	12,187,041	\$	25,317,244
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	136,000	\$		\$		\$	136,000
Total liabilities		136,000						136,000
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable								
Endowment fund principal Restricted						5,658,104		5,658,104
Scholarships and student support						6,528,937		6,528,937
Debt service				1,168,422				1,168,422
Assigned		6,283,781						6,283,781
Unassigned		5,542,000						5,542,000
Total Fund Balances		11,825,781		1,168,422		12,187,041		25,181,244
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	11,961,781	\$	1,168,422	\$	12,187,041	\$	25,317,244

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 25,181,244

44,346,944

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Lease assets, net of accumulated amortization \$ 42,207,210

Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 2,139,734

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Lease payable

Lease payable(42,926,424)Accrued interest payable on long-term debt(725,187)(43,651,611)

Net position - governmental activities \$ 25,876,577

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund			Permanent Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES							
Gifts and contributions	\$ 	\$		\$	2,830	\$	2,830
Property tax	8,226,394		2,498,893				10,725,287
Investment return and rentals, net	226,747		25,708		677,705		930,160
Total revenues	8,453,141		2,524,601		680,535		11,658,277
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Scholarships and other student support	4,526,889				361,243		4,888,132
Economic and community development	465,799				41,778		507,577
General and administrative	40,580		4,240		191,796		236,616
University support	532,000				47,330		579,330
WSU Tech support	800,000						800,000
Debt service:	,						,
Principal payments			694,719				694,719
Interest payments			1,804,508				1,804,508
Total expenditures	6,365,268		2,503,467		642,147		9,510,882
Revenues over expenditures	 2,087,873		21,134		38,388		2,147,395
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	452,194		4,240				456,434
Transfers out	(4,240)				(452,194)		(456,434)
Total other financing sources (uses)	447,954		4,240		(452,194)		
Net change in fund balances	2,535,827		25,374		(413,806)		2,147,395
Total fund balances, beginning	10,433,002				12,600,847		23,033,849
Prior period adjustment	 (1,143,048)		1,143,048				
Total fund balances, ending	\$ 11,825,781	\$	1,168,422	\$	12,187,041	\$	25,181,244

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 2,147,395

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization expense in the current period.

(1,479,670)

Bonds and other debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond and other debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Lease principal paid 694,719

Some expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Accrued interest on long-term debt 12,020

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 1,374,464

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND **CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

i or the ris	(Original and Final Budget	u Ju	Actual	V	ariance with	Percent
		Amounts		Amounts		(Negative)	of Budget
REVENUES	-	, unounto	-	7 arrioditto		(itogairo)	<u> </u>
Mill levy	\$	6,746,532	\$	6,959,965	\$	213,433	103.16%
Interest	¥	2,000	Ψ	226,747	Ψ	224,747	11337.35%
Contingent mill levy		300,000		,· ···		(300,000)	0.00%
Total revenues		7,048,532	_	7,186,712		138,180	101.96%
EXPENDITURES							
Capital related							
Contribution to NIRDT debt service		532,000		532,000			100.00%
Building insurance		27,000				27,000	0.00%
Total capital related		559,000		532,000		27,000	95.17%
Student support/ workforce development							
WSU Tech support		800,000		800,000			100.00%
Undergraduate support		4,028,699		4,084,220		(55,521)	101.38%
Graduate support		403,134		403,134		(00,02.)	100.00%
PPMC support		39,535		39,535			100.00%
Total student support/ workforce development		5,271,368		5,326,889		(55,521)	101.05%
	-	0,2: :,000		0,020,000		(00,02.)	
Economic and community development							
City/ County interns		138,720				138,720	0.00%
Business and economic research		153,000		150,000		3,000	98.04%
City government services		102,000		147,925		(45,925)	145.02%
County government services	-	102,000		31,874		70,126	31.25%
Total economic and community development		495,720		329,799		165,921	66.53%
General operating and board initiatives							
General administrative		58,140		40,580		17,560	69.80%
Board initiatives		364,304				364,304	0.00%
Total general operating and board initiatives		422,444		40,580		381,864	9.61%
Contingency							
Contingency		300,000				300,000	0.00%
Total contingency		300,000				300,000	0.00%
Total expenditures		7,048,532	. <u> </u>	6,229,268		819,264	88.38%
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures				957,444		957,444	0.00%
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers from other funds				7,594,086		7,594,086	0.00%
Transfers to other funds				(7,146,132)		(7,146,132)	0.00%
Total other financing sources (uses)				447,954		447,954	0.00%
Net change in fund balance				1,405,398		1,405,398	0.00%
Unencumbered fund balance, beginning		5,014,383		5,014,383			100.00%
Unencumbered fund balance, ending	\$	5,014,383	\$	6,419,781	\$	1,405,398	\$ 128.03%
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Board of Trustees of Wichita State University (Board) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Organization

The Board is a governmental entity responsible for the management of the mill levy monies arising out of the tax levy upon the citizens of Sedgwick County, Kansas and was established for the education enrichment purposes of Wichita State University (WSU) as a whole, including all the colleges and branches or divisions thereof as well as all the facilities and activities thereof, consistent with the objectives, operation and management of WSU. The Board is also responsible for the endowed funds of the University of Wichita (University) before the University became a state institution in 1964.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Board was established under State of Kansas statute 76-3a16 and for accounting purposes is a component unit of WSU which is a component unit of the State of Kansas. The Board is not financially accountable for any other organizations. The financial statements reflect the operations of the Board and do not reflect the complete operations of WSU or the State of Kansas. As such, the Board's financial statements are included as a discretely presented component unit of WSU. The University's financial statements are in turn consolidated into the State University System and included as a discretely presented component unit in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the State of Kansas.

The Board follows the GASB accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining the governmental activities, organizations and functions that should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in the primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Board considers revenues to be available if collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred and is expected to be paid from available resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The board presents the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the principal fund of the Board that accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds.
- The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the Board.
- The permanent fund is used to report resources that are restricted for endowments and similar funds, the corpus of which is to remain intact with only the income available for expenditure. Restricted funds are expendable for scholarships and other student funds.

Budgetary Compliance

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with budgetary basis. The budget is based on receipts from the property tax mill levy and includes only the general fund and the debt service fund included in the Supplementary Information.

WSU prepares the annual budget for the mill levy and presents it to the Board for review and approval. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the budget for the mill levy had been approved by the Board, the City of Wichita, Sedgwick County and the Kansas Board of Regents. Total expenditures for the mill levy may not legally exceed the amount appropriated. A reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund; Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds is presented below.

Net change in fund balance, general fund - budgetary basis	\$ 1,405,398
Amounts reported for the general fund in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances on a modified accrual basis are different because:	
Budgetary basis revenues have been adjusted to a GAAP basis	1,266,429
Budgetary basis expenditures have been adjusted to a GAAP basis	 (136,000)
Net change in fund balance, general fund – modified accrual basis	\$ 2,535,827

Cash Available from County Treasurer

Cash available from county treasurer represents mill levy monies collected by Sedgwick County and expected to be distributed to the Board by the end of calendar year 2023.

Investments

Investments in equity securities, fixed income securities and mutual funds are carried at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investment earnings (losses) consist of interest and dividend income and the net change in the fair value of investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Amortization is provided on the straight-line method over the lease term for right-to-use lease assets. Depreciation on all other capital assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 20-50 years Improvements 7-40 years Equipment and furnishings 5-10 years

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets: Represents the Board's total investment in capital assets, including right-to-use lease assets, net of depreciation and amortization, less outstanding debt obligations used to acquire those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- **Restricted net position nonexpendable:** Consists of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.
- **Restricted net position expendable:** Includes resources in which the Board is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.
- **Unrestricted net position:** Represents resources derived from mill levy revenue and investment income. These resources may be used at the discretion of the Board to meet current expenses for any purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the Board's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how the fund balance can be spent. The governmental fund types classify fund balance as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance: includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a)
 not in a spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance: includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally
 imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments imposed
 by law through state statute.
- Committed Fund Balance: includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes
 determined by a formal action of the Board's highest level of decision-making authority.
- **Assigned Fund Balance:** is the portion of the fund balance which the Board intends to use for a specified purpose as directed by the Board of Trustees.
- **Unassigned Fund Balance:** represents the portion of fund balance that has not otherwise been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes. The General Fund is the only fund that may report a positive unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Board considers to have spent restricted funds first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Board considers amounts to have been spent first from the committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, unless the Board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment action.

Tax Status

The income of the Board is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is included in the financial statements.

Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters. No claims have exceeded the amounts of coverage provided by these policies in any of the past three fiscal years.

Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Board will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For cash deposits with financial institutions, state law requires that its depository banks pledge collateral that has a market value equal to or greater than the deposits. As of June 30, 2023, the Board has deposits with financial institutions totaling \$6,419,781 with assets pledged as collateral with a fair value of \$12,963,885.

Investments

The Board may legally invest in direct obligations of and other obligations guaranteed as to principal by the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies and instrumentalities and in bank repurchase agreements. It may also invest to a limited extent in corporate bonds and equity securities.

At June 30, 2023, the Board had the following investments and maturities:

				I	ars			
Investment Type		Fair Value Lo		Less than 1		1-5		eater than 5
Money market funds Fixed income mutual funds Treasury Global bonds	\$	231,991 1,355,443 150,796 47,554	\$	231,991 231,991	\$	766,897 150,796 47,554 965,247	\$	588,546 -588,546
Pooled investment (manage by related party) Equity mutual funds Common stock Alternative - hedge fund	d <u>\$</u>	7,615,304 1,933,826 619,560 232,567 12,187,041						

The following classifies investment type by purpose at June 30, 2023.

Investment Type	 Endowed Funds	Gore Trust	 Total
Money market	\$ 	\$ 231,991	\$ 231,991
Fixed income mutual funds		1,355,443	1,355,443
Treasury		150,796	150,796
Global Bonds		47,554	47,554
Pooled investment	7,615,304		7,615,304
Equity mutual funds		1,933,826	1,933,826
Common stock		619,560	619,560
Alternative - hedge fund	 	232,567	 232,567
Total Investment	\$ 7,615,304	\$ 4,571,737	\$ 12,187,041

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The investment related risks outlined below are mitigated by adherence to the Wichita State University Foundation (Foundation) investment policy.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Foundation investment policy includes ongoing assessment of the composition of fixed income investments to total investments.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Board will not be able to recover the value of the investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The Board's investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the Board's name, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent.

Of the Board's \$12.19 million of investments, \$12.19 million (including \$7.6 million managed by a related party) of the underlying securities are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the Board, and are therefore exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration risk is the risk of loss resulting from an over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, specific user, or specific class of securities. The Board places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At June 30, 2023, the Board's investment in a pooled investment managed by a related party constituted 62.5% of its total investments.

NOTE 3 – ENDOWMENTS AND SIMILAR FUNDS

The Board has established an investment policy with the objectives of protecting the principal of these funds and maximizing total investment return without assuming extraordinary risks. It is the goal of the Board to provide spendable income levels that are reasonably stable and sufficient to meet budgetary requirements and to maintain a spending rate, currently established at 4.25%, which ensures a proper balance between the preservation of corpus and enhancement of the purchasing power of investment earnings. As of June 30, 2023, the Board had a total of \$299,268 of net appreciation from investment of donor-restricted endowments available for expenditure. This amount is reported in expendable restricted net position on the statement of net position. The laws of the State of Kansas do not currently restrict the Board's ability to spend net appreciation on donor-restricted endowment funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction. There is a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs when measuring fair value. The guidance requires three levels of fair value measurement based on the respective inputs.

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- **Level 3:** Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 securities include equity stocks, mutual funds, and actively traded debt securities. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2023:

		_	Fair Value Measurements Using					
	Fair Value		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)	
Money market funds	\$ 231,991	\$	231,991	\$		\$		
Fixed income mutual funds	1,355,443		1,355,443					
Treasury	150,796		150,796					
Global bonds funds	47,554				47,554			
Pooled investment	7,615,304				7,615,304			
Equity mutual funds	1,933,826		1,933,826					
Common stock	619,560		619,560					
Alternative - hedge fund	232,567		232,567					
-	\$ 12,187,041	\$	4,524,183	\$	7,662,858	\$		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the University for the year ended June 30, 2023 is summarized as follows:

		Balance lune 30, 2022		Additions	F	Retirements	.1	Balance une 30, 2023
Depreciable capital assets	<u> </u>			7 taattorio		totiromonto		<u>uno 00, 2020</u>
Infrastructure	\$	2,461,870	\$		\$		\$	2,461,870
Buildings and improvements	•	24,662,089	•		•		•	24,662,089
Equipment and furnishings		78,515						78,515
Leased facility		45,021,024						45,021,024
Total depreciable capital assets		72,223,498						72,223,498
Accumulated depreciation and amortiza	tion							
Infrastructure ·		277,412		61,547				338,959
Building and improvements		24,662,089						24,662,089
Equipment and furnishings		50,476		11,216				61,692
Leased facility	_	1,406,907		1,406,907				2,813,814
Total accumulated depreciation								
and amortization		26,396,884		1,479,670				27,876,554
Total capital assets, net	\$	45,826,614	\$	(1,479,670)	\$		\$	44,346,944

Depreciation expenses is reported within the University Support functional classification and is not allocated to the other functions because all capital assets owned by the Board are held for the direct benefit of the University.

NOTE 6 - LEASES

During 2015, Sedgwick County Public Building Commission (PBC) issued Series 2014-3 and Series 2014-4 revenue bonds in the amounts of \$38,895,000 and \$6,050,000, respectively, to finance the construction of the John Bardo Center (JBC) on WSU's Innovation Campus. Under a facility lease agreement with the PBC, the Board agreed to repay the principal and interest on the bonds from its share of the mill levy. As a result, a liability related to the JBC facility lease is reported on the Board's Statement of Net Position. The following table summarizes the changes related to this lease liability during the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance June 30, 2022 Additions		Retirements	Balance June 30, 2023	Current Portion	
Lease liability	\$ 46,621,143	\$	\$ (694,719)	\$ 42,926,424	\$ 722,761	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 6 – LEASES (CONTINUED)

The commitment for future minimum rental payments under this agreement as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		 Total
2024	\$ 722,761	\$	1,775,666	\$ 2,498,427
2025	745,100		1,750,556	2,495,656
2026	781,416		1,714,760	2,496,176
2027	817,388		1,682,351	2,499,739
2028	847,195		1,648,464	2,495,659
2029-2033	4,801,377		7,693,476	12,494,853
2034-2038	5,876,265		6,608,294	12,484,559
2039-2043	7,195,955		5,287,677	12,483,632
2044-2048	8,813,074		3,671,126	12,484,200
2049-2053	10,793,753		1,690,147	12,483,900
thereafter	 1,532,140		982,761	2,514,901
	\$ 42,926,424	\$	34,505,278	\$ 77,431,702

WSU subleases a portion of the John Bardo Center from the Board. WSU made sublease payments in fiscal years 2015 through 2017 totaling \$6 million, which is the only consideration WSU has paid to date. The sublease commenced in 2014 and states that WSU has use of the John Bardo Center until the end of the lease term in 2054. Because the consideration paid by WSU was considerably less than the value of the facility, the transaction was considered non-exchange. Therefore, the sublease payments were treated as inflows of resources at the time they were made.

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Certain assets related to endowed funds were transferred to the Foundation for management in accordance with a management services agreement. Cash and certain investments were combined with Foundation accounts. The amount of the investments, pooled with Foundation accounts totaled \$7,615,304 at June 30, 2023.

NOTE 8 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Correction of an Error

When GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2022, the sublease of the John Bardo Center to WSU was treated as a lease and the sublease payments from WSU were deferred and amortized over the term of the agreement. During fiscal year 2023, the substance of the transaction was re-evaluated and it was determined that the value of consideration given by WSU constituted a non-exchange transaction and therefore, the transaction did not meet the definition of a lease. As a result, the beginning balance of the deferred inflow was eliminated in the accompanying financial statements. The net effect of the adjustment was an increase of \$3.1 million to net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (CONTINUED)

Change in Accounting Principle

In addition, previously issued financial statements reported a \$667,242 deferred gain on sale-leaseback, which originated when construction was completed on the John Bardo Center and the Board capitalized the asset related to the facility. The deferred gain was previously recorded based on non-authoritative Financial Accounting Standards Board guidance for this type of transaction. When the transaction was reevaluated based on the guidance now available in GASB 87, it was determined that the change in accounting principle is preferable to the accounting principle applied before the change. As a result, the beginning balance of the deferred inflow was eliminated in the accompanying financial statements. The net effect of the adjustment was an increase of \$667 thousand to net position.

Change in Reporting Entity

Beginning in 2023, the financial statements include a debt service fund, which is used to report resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the Board. These resources are held in a trust account and restricted as to use for the future principal and interest payments on the Series 2014-3 and 2014-4 bonds. A prior period adjustment is included to show the reclassification of this amount from the general fund to the debt service fund. This adjustment has no net impact on fund balance for the governmental funds in total.



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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget Positive (Negative)	Percent of Budget
REVENUES				
Mill levy	\$ 2,503,468	\$ 2,498,893	\$ (4,575)	99.82%
Investment Income	2 502 469	25,708	25,708	0.00%
Total revenue	2,503,468	2,524,601	21,133	100.84%
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service - WSIA series 2014-3(2054)	1,748,359	1,748,358	1	100.00%
Debt service - WSIA series 2014-4(2027)	750,869	750,869		100.00%
Debt service admin fees	4,240	4,240		100.00%
Total expenditures	2,503,468	2,503,467	1_	100.00%
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		21,134	21,134	0.00%
		,	,	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		4.040	4.040	0.000/
Transfers from other funds		4,240	4,240	0.00%
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,240	4,240	0.00%
Net change in fund balance		25,374	25,374	0.00%
Unencumbered fund balance, beginning	1,143,048	1,143,048		100.00%
Unencumbered fund balance, ending	\$ 1,143,048	\$ 1,168,422	\$ 25,374	\$ 102.22%

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF WICHITA STATE UNIVERSITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF WICHITA STATE UNIVERSITY) COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND June 30, 2023

		General Operating Fund	 udent ort Fund	iversity oort Fund
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$		\$ 	\$
Cash available from county treasurer		5,542,000	 	
Total assets	\$	5,542,000	\$ 	\$
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$		\$ 	\$
Total liabilities			 	
FUND BALANCES				
Assigned				
Unassigned		5,542,000	 	
Total Fund Balances	_	5,542,000	 	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,542,000	\$ 	\$

G	ity/ County overnment upport Fund		Board Initiatives Fund	General Fund Reserve			Total General Fund
\$	383,414 383,414	\$	3,136,367 3,136,367	\$ <u>\$</u>			6,419,781 5,542,000 11,961,781
\$	136,000 136,000	\$	 	\$	<u></u>	\$	136,000 136,000
	247,414 247,414	_	3,136,367 3,136,367	_	2,900,000 2,900,000		6,283,781 5,542,000 11,825,781
\$	383,414	\$	3,136,367	\$	2,900,000	\$	11,961,781

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES		General Operating Fund		Student Support Fund	<u>_S</u>	University upport Fund
Property tax	\$	8,226,394	\$		\$	
Investment return and rentals, net	Ψ	226,747	Ψ		Ψ	
Total revenues		8,453,141	_			
EXPENDITURES						
Scholarships and other student support				4,526,889		
Economic and community development						
General and administrative		40,580				
University support						532,000
WSU Tech support			_			800,000
Total expenditures		40,580	_	4,526,889		1,332,000
Revenue over (under) expenditures		8,412,561	_	(4,526,889)		(1,332,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in				4,471,368		1,332,000
Transfers out		(7,146,132)		+,+1 1,000 		1,002,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,146,132)	_	4,471,368		1,332,000
Net change in fund balances		1,266,429		(55,521)		
Total fund balances, beginning		5,418,619		55,521		
Prior period adjustment	_	(1,143,048)	_			
Total fund balances, ending	\$	5,542,000	\$		\$	

City/ County Government Support Fund	Board Initiatives Fund	General Fund Reserve	Total General Fund
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	8,226,394 226,747 8,453,141
465,799 465,799	 	 	4,526,889 465,799 40,580 532,000 800,000 6,365,268
(465,799)			2,087,873
495,720 495,720	1,294,998 1,294,998	 	7,594,086 (7,146,132) 447,954
29,921	1,294,998		2,535,827
217,493 	1,841,369 	2,900,000	10,433,002 (1,143,048)
\$ 247,414	\$ 3,136,367	\$ 2,900,000	11,825,781

